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# **afmformats Documentation**

***Release 0.16.2***

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**Aug 14, 2021**



# CONTENTS

<b>1</b>	<b>Getting started</b>	<b>3</b>
1.1	Installation . . . . .	3
1.2	Basic Usage . . . . .	3
1.3	Supported file formats . . . . .	3
1.4	Notes . . . . .	5
<b>2</b>	<b>Advanced Usage</b>	<b>7</b>
2.1	Grouping AFM data . . . . .	7
<b>3</b>	<b>Implementing new file formats</b>	<b>9</b>
3.1	Basic file format reader structure . . . . .	9
3.2	Optimizing data import . . . . .	11
<b>4</b>	<b>afmformats</b>	<b>13</b>
4.1	Submodules . . . . .	13
4.1.1	afmformats._version . . . . .	13
4.1.2	afmformats._version_save . . . . .	14
4.1.3	afmformats.afm_data . . . . .	14
4.1.4	afmformats.afm_group . . . . .	16
4.1.5	afmformats.afm_qmap . . . . .	17
4.1.6	afmformats.afm_segment . . . . .	19
4.1.7	afmformats.errors . . . . .	20
4.1.8	afmformats.formats . . . . .	22
4.1.9	afmformats.lazy_loader . . . . .	38
4.1.10	afmformats.meta . . . . .	38
4.1.11	afmformats.mod_creep_compliance . . . . .	44
4.1.12	afmformats.mod_force_distance . . . . .	45
4.1.13	afmformats.parse_funcs . . . . .	46
<b>5</b>	<b>Changelog</b>	<b>47</b>
5.1	version 0.16.2 . . . . .	47
5.2	version 0.16.1 . . . . .	47
5.3	version 0.16.0 . . . . .	47
5.4	version 0.15.0 . . . . .	48
5.5	version 0.14.4 . . . . .	48
5.6	version 0.14.3 . . . . .	48
5.7	version 0.14.2 . . . . .	48
5.8	version 0.14.1 . . . . .	49
5.9	version 0.14.0 . . . . .	49
5.10	version 0.13.3 . . . . .	49

5.11	version 0.13.2	49
5.12	version 0.13.1	49
5.13	version 0.13.0	49
5.14	version 0.12.6	50
5.15	version 0.12.5	50
5.16	version 0.12.4	50
5.17	version 0.12.3	50
5.18	version 0.12.2	50
5.19	version 0.12.1	50
5.20	version 0.12.0	50
5.21	version 0.11.0	51
5.22	version 0.10.2	51
5.23	version 0.10.1	51
5.24	version 0.10.0	51
5.25	version 0.9.0	51
5.26	version 0.8.0	51
5.27	version 0.7.1	52
5.28	version 0.7.0	52
5.29	version 0.6.0	52
5.30	version 0.5.2	52
5.31	version 0.5.1	52
5.32	version 0.5.0	52
5.33	version 0.4.1	53
5.34	version 0.4.0	53
5.35	version 0.3.0	53
5.36	version 0.2.0	53
5.37	version 0.1.0	53
<b>6</b>	<b>Bibliography</b>	<b>55</b>
<b>7</b>	<b>Indices and tables</b>	<b>57</b>
	<b>Bibliography</b>	<b>59</b>
	<b>Python Module Index</b>	<b>61</b>
	<b>Index</b>	<b>63</b>

Afmformats is a Python library for reading atomic force microscopy (AFM) data file formats. This is the documentation of afmformats version 0.16.2.



## GETTING STARTED

### 1.1 Installation

To install `afmformats`, use one of the following methods (the package dependencies will be installed automatically):

- from **PyPI**: `pip install afmformats`
- from **sources**: `pip install -e .`

### 1.2 Basic Usage

```
In [1]: import afmformats

In [2]: dslist = afmformats.load_data("data/force-save-example.jpik-force")

# dslist is a list of force-distance curves
In [3]: dslist
Out[3]: [<AFMForceDistance 'data/force-save-example.jpik-force'[0] at 0x7f33d02809d0>]

# available data columns of the first curve
In [4]: dslist[0].columns
Out[4]: ['force', 'height (measured)', 'height (piezo)', 'segment', 'time']

In [5]: dslist[0]["force"]
Out[5]:
array([-6.56678981e-10, -6.64172230e-10, -6.79510911e-10, ...,
       -7.61449435e-10, -7.68909858e-10, -7.58163174e-10])
```

### 1.3 Supported file formats

All supported file formats are listed in the table below. If you are interested in other file formats, please [create a new issue](#).

Format introduced by	Description	Extension	Loader
AFM workshop	comma-separated values	.csv	<code>formats.fmt_workshop.ws_single.load_csv</code>
afmformats	HDF5 based	.h5	<code>formats.fmt_hdf5.load_hdf5</code>
Asylum Research	binary-wave	.ibw	<code>formats.fmt_igor.load_igor</code>
JPK Instruments	binary FD data	.jpk-force	<code>formats.fmt_jpk.load_jpk</code>
JPK Instruments	binary QMap data	.jpk-force-map	<code>formats.fmt_jpk.load_jpk</code>
JPK Instruments	binary QMap data	.jpk-qi-data	<code>formats.fmt_jpk.load_jpk</code>
JPK Instruments	binary QMap data	.jpk-qi-series	<code>formats.fmt_jpk.load_jpk</code>
afmformats	tab-separated values	.tab	<code>formats.fmt_tab.load_tab</code>
NT-MDT Spectrum Instruments	exported by NT-MDT Nova	.txt	<code>formats.fmt_ntmdt_txt.load_txt</code>
AFM workshop	QMap as zipped comma-separated values	.zip	<code>formats.fmt_workshop.ws_map.load_map</code>



## 1.4 Notes

Afmformats is a base module for loading experimental data. You might want to use [nanite](#) or [PyJibe](#) for higher-level functionalities.



## ADVANCED USAGE

### 2.1 Grouping AFM data

AFM data can be organized in an *afmformats.AFMGroup* which comes with a few user-convenient functionalities:

```
In [1]: import afmformats

In [2]: group = afmformats.AFMGroup("data/force-map2x2-example.jpj-force-map")

# group contains all curves in the data file
In [3]: print(group)
AFMGroup: 'data/force-map2x2-example.jpj-force-map'
- AFMForceDistance 'data/force-map2x2-example.jpj-force-map' [0]
- AFMForceDistance 'data/force-map2x2-example.jpj-force-map' [1]
- AFMForceDistance 'data/force-map2x2-example.jpj-force-map' [2]
- AFMForceDistance 'data/force-map2x2-example.jpj-force-map' [3]

# you may add other data files to groups
In [4]: group += afmformats.load_data("data/force-save-example.jpj-force")

In [5]: print(group)
AFMGroup: 'None'
- AFMForceDistance 'data/force-map2x2-example.jpj-force-map' [0]
- AFMForceDistance 'data/force-map2x2-example.jpj-force-map' [1]
- AFMForceDistance 'data/force-map2x2-example.jpj-force-map' [2]
- AFMForceDistance 'data/force-map2x2-example.jpj-force-map' [3]
- AFMForceDistance 'data/force-save-example.jpj-force' [0]

# You can also extract a subgroup that matches a certain path
In [6]: subgroup = group.subgroup_with_path("data/force-map2x2-example.jpj-force-map")

In [7]: print(subgroup)
AFMGroup: 'data/force-map2x2-example.jpj-force-map'
- AFMForceDistance 'data/force-map2x2-example.jpj-force-map' [0]
- AFMForceDistance 'data/force-map2x2-example.jpj-force-map' [1]
- AFMForceDistance 'data/force-map2x2-example.jpj-force-map' [2]
- AFMForceDistance 'data/force-map2x2-example.jpj-force-map' [3]
```



## IMPLEMENTING NEW FILE FORMATS

If you are interested in adding support for a new file format, please [create a new issue](#) to start a discussion. Please also attach a zip file with example data that can later on be used during testing.

If you are familiar with GitHub, please create a pull request and make sure that

- the file format reader is located in `afmformats.formats.fmt_NAME` (it may be a directory or a file, depending on the complexity)
- the file format displays correctly [in the docs](#) and the docs compile without errors:

```
cd docs
pip install -r requirements.txt
sphinx-build . _build
# and open _build/index.html in a browser
```

- you updated the CHANGELOG
- your code is fully tested (create test functions in `tests/test_fmt_NAME.py`) and all other tests pass (There are a few general tests that all file format readers must pass):

```
pip install pytest
pytest tests
```

- the data files for examples are named according to `fmt-NAME-MOD_filename.suffix` where MOD can be e.g. `fd` for force-distance data.

If you cannot or will not work with GitHub, you may paste your code in the corresponding issue. If the file format is not too complicated, let's just hope that things don't get messy.

### 3.1 Basic file format reader structure

The best way to understand how file formats work in `afmformats` is to take a look at the [file formats implemented already](#). For the sake of clarity, here is a `file format reader template`:

```
import pathlib

import numpy as np

__all__ = ["load_my_format"]
```

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```

def load_my_format(path, callback=None, meta_override=None):
    """Loads AFM data from my format

    This is the main function for loading your file format. Please
    add a description here.

    Parameters
    -----
    path: str or pathlib.Path or io.TextIOBase
        path to a .tab file
    callback: callable
        function for progress tracking; must accept a float in
        [0, 1] as an argument.
    meta_override: dict
        if specified, contains key-value pairs of metadata that
        are used when loading the files
        (see :data:`afmformats.meta.META_FIELDS`)
    """
    if meta_override is None:
        meta_override = {}

    path = pathlib.Path(path)
    # Here you would start parsing your data and metadata from `path`
    # You should specify as many metadata keys as possible. See
    # afmformats.meta.DEF_ALL for a list of valid keys.
    metadata = {"path": path}
    # Valid column names are defined in afmformats.afm_data.known_columns.
    data = {"force": np.linspace(1e-9, 5e-9, 100),
            "height (measured)": np.linspace(2e-6, -1e-6, 100)}

    metadata.update(meta_override)
    dd = {"data": data,
          "metadata": metadata}

    if callback is not None:
        callback(1)

    # You may also return a list with more items in case the file format
    # contains more than one curve.
    return [dd]

recipe_myf = {
    "descr": "A short description",
    "loader": load_my_format,
    "suffix": ".myf",
    "modality": "force-distance",
    "maker": "designer of file format",
}

```

A few notes:

- The `recipe_myf` contains the recipe for loading the file format into `afmformats`. It must be registered in

`afmformats/formats/__init__.py`.

- You may call the `callback` function with a floating point value between 0 and 1 (progress tracking) in-between of your loading steps if you expect that your file format reader is slow (e.g. several curves have to be loaded). This will give users of e.g. PyJibe visual feedback on how long they will have to wait.
- The `meta_override` dictionary is useful if your file format does not contain essential metadata such as spring constant or sensitivity. In such cases, you can raise an `afmformats.errors.MissingMetadataError` to signal PyJibe that it should ask the user for the missing metadata. For an example, please see the AFM workshop file format.

## 3.2 Optimizing data import

In most cases, it is not necessary to actually load the data from disk in the `load_my_format` method, especially if you have to parse large binary blobs or text files. In such cases, you can make use of the [lazy loaders](#) implemented in `afmformats`. For metadata, you can use `afmformats.meta.LazyMetaValue` and for data columns, you can use `afmformats.lazy_loader.LazyData`. The JPK file reader makes heavy usage of those classes.





- *Submodules*

## 4.1 Submodules

### 4.1.1 afmformats.\_version

Determine package version from git repository tag

Each time this file is imported it checks whether the package version can be determined using *git describe*. If this fails (because either this file is not located at the 1st level down the repository root or it is not under version control), the version is read from the script “\_version\_save.py” which is not versioned by git, but always included in the final distribution archive (e.g. via PyPI). If the git version does not match the saved version, then “\_version\_save.py” is updated.

#### Usage

1. Put this file in your main module directory:  
    REPO\_ROOT/package\_name/\_version.py
2. Add this line to REPO\_ROOT/package\_name/\_\_init\_\_.py  
    from .\_version import version as \_\_version\_\_ # noqa: F401
3. (Optional) Add this line to REPO\_ROOT/.gitignore  
    \_version\_save.py

#### Features

- supports Python 2 and 3
- supports frozen applications (e.g. PyInstaller)
- supports installing into a virtual environment that is located in a git repository
- saved version is located in a python file and therefore no other files (e.g. MANIFEST.in) need be edited
- fallback version is the creation date
- excluded from code coverage via “pragma: no cover”

## Changelog

### 2019-11-06.2

- use `os.path.split` instead of counting `os.path.sep` (Windows)

### 2019-11-06

- remove deprecated `imp` dependency (replace with `parser`)
- check whether this file is versioned and its location is correct
- code cleanup and docs update

## 4.1.2 afmformats.\_version\_save

## 4.1.3 afmformats.afm\_data

- *Classes*
- *Variables*

### Classes

- *AFMData*: General base class for AFM data

**class** afmformats.afm\_data.**AFMData**(*data*, *metadata*, *diskcache=False*)  
General base class for AFM data

Initialization

#### Parameters

- **data** (*dict-like*) – Experimental data
- **metadata** (*dict*) – Metadata
- **diskcache** (*bool*) – TODO

### Inheritance



**export\_data**(*out*, *metadata=True*, *fmt='tab'*)  
Export all data columns to a file

#### Parameters

- **out** (*str*, *pathlib.Path*, *writable io.IOBase*, or *h5py.Group*) – Output path, open file, or h5py object
- **metadata** (*bool* or *list*) – If True, all available metadata are stored. If False, no metadata are stored. If a list, only the given metadata keys are stored.
- **fmt** (*str*) – “tab” for the tab separated values format and “hdf5” / “h5” for the HDF5 file format

## Notes

- If you wish to append HDF5 data to an existing file, please open the file first and call this function with the h5py.File object, i.e.

```
with h5py.File(path, "a") as h5:
    fdist.export(out=h5, fmt="hdf5")
```

Otherwise the file will be overridden.

- The column “index” is not exported in the HDF5 file format

### property columns

Available data columns

### property enum

Unique index of *self* in *self.path*

Indexing starts at “0”

### property metadata

Unique index of *self* in *self.path*

### abstract property modality

Imaging modality (e.g. force-distance)

### property path

Path to the measurement file

## Variables

- *column\_dtypes*
- *column\_units*
- *known\_columns*

### afmformats.afm\_data.column\_dtypes

Data types of all known columns (all other columns are assumed to be float)

```
{'force': <class 'float'>,
 'height (measured)': <class 'float'>,
 'height (piezo)': <class 'float'>,
 'index': <class 'int'>,
 'segment': <class 'numpy.uint8'>,
 'time': <class 'float'>,
 'tip position': <class 'float'>}
```

### afmformats.afm\_data.column\_units

Units of all known columns

```
{'force': 'N',  
 'height (measured)': 'm',  
 'height (piezo)': 'm',  
 'index': '',  
 'segment': '',  
 'time': 's',  
 'tip position': 'm'}
```

`afmformats.afm_data.known_columns`

Known data columns

```
['force',  
 'height (measured)',  
 'height (piezo)',  
 'index',  
 'segment',  
 'time',  
 'tip position']
```

#### 4.1.4 `afmformats.afm_group`

- *Classes*
- 

##### Classes

- *AFMGroup*: Container for `afmformats.afm_data.AFMData`

```
class afmformats.afm_group.AFMGroup(path=None, meta_override=None, callback=None, modality=None,  
                                     data_classes_by_modality=None)
```

Container for `afmformats.afm_data.AFMData`

##### Parameters

- **path** (*str* or *pathlib.Path* or *None*) – If this option is specified, then an *AFMGroup* is generated directly from a datafile.
- **meta\_override** (*dict*) – Dictionary with metadata that is used when loading the data in *path*.
- **callback** (*callable* or *None*) – A method that accepts a float between 0 and 1 to externally track the process of loading the data.
- **data\_classes\_by\_modality** (*dict*) – Override the default *AFMData* class to use for managing the data (see `default_data_classes_by_modality`): This is e.g. used by *index* to pass *Indentation* (which is a subclass of the default *AFMForceDistance*) for handling “force-indentation” data.

## Inheritance

AFMGroup

**append**(*afmdata*)

Append an AFMData instance

**Parameters** *afmdata* (`afmformats.afm_data.AFMData`) – AFM data

**get\_enum**(*enum*)

Return the AFMData curve with this enum value

**Raises**

- **ValueError** if multiple curves with the same enum value exist. –
- **KeyError** if the enum value is not found –

**subgroup\_with\_path**(*path*)

Return a subgroup with AFMData matching *path*

### 4.1.5 afmformats.afm\_qmap

- *Functions*
- *Classes*
- *Variables*

## Functions

- *qmap\_feature*(): Decorator for labeling AFMQMap features

`afmformats.afm_qmap.qmap_feature(name, unit, cache=False)`

Decorator for labeling AFMQMap features

The name and unit are stored as properties of the wrapped function. In addition, the return value of the function can be cached (see *cache* argument).

**Parameters**

- **name** (*str*) – Name of the feature
- **unit** (*str*) – Unit of the returned feature
- **cache** (*bool* or *callable*) – If boolean, determines whether the feature data should be cached or not. If callable, the callable gets an instance of AFMData as an argument and should return an identifier (*str*) for the current value. If that identifier is the same as in the cache, then the cached value is used.

## Classes

- *AFMQMap*: Management of quantitative AFM data on a grid

```
class afmformats.afm_qmap.AFMQMap(path_or_group, meta_override=None, callback=None, modality=None,
                                  data_classes_by_modality=None)
```

Management of quantitative AFM data on a grid

### Parameters

- **path\_or\_group** (*str* or *pathlib.Path* or *afmformats.afm\_group.AFMGroup*) – The path to the data file or an instance of *AFMGroup*
- **meta\_override** (*dict*) – Dictionary with metadata that is used when loading the data in *path*.
- **callback** (*callable* or *None*) – A method that accepts a float between 0 and 1 to externally track the process of loading the data.
- **data\_classes\_by\_modality** (*dict*) – Override the default *AFMData* class to use for managing the data (see *default\_data\_classes\_by\_modality*): This is e.g. used by *index* to pass *Indentation* (which is a subclass of the default *AFMForceDistance*) for handling “force-indentation” data.

## Inheritance

AFMQMap

```
static feat_core_data_height_base_point_um(afmdata)
```

Compute the lowest height (measured)

```
static feat_core_data_piezo_range_um(afmdata)
```

Compute peak-to-peak piezo range

```
static feat_core_data_scan_order(afmdata)
```

Return the enumeration of the dataset

```
get_coords(which='px')
```

Get the qmap coordinates for each curve in *AFMQMap.group*

**Parameters** **which** (*str*) – “px” for pixels or “um” for microns.

```
get_qmap(feature, qmap_only=False)
```

Return the quantitative map for a feature

### Parameters

- **feature** (*str*) – Feature to compute map for (see *QMap.features*)
- **qmap\_only** – Only return the quantitative map data, not the coordinates

### Returns

- **x, y** (*1d ndarray*) – Only returned if *qmap\_only* is False; Pixel grid coordinates along x and y
- **qmap** (*2d ndarray*) – Quantitative map

**property extent**extent (x1, x2, y1, y2) [ $\mu\text{m}$ ]**features**

Available features

**group**AFM data (instance of `afmformats.afm_group.AFMGroup`)**property shape**

shape of the map [px]

**Variables**

- `unit_scales`

`afmformats.afm_qmap.unit_scales`

Scale conversion helper

```
{'': 1, 'k': 1000.0, 'm': 0.001, 'n': 1e-09, 'p': 1e-12, 'μ': 1e-06}
```

**4.1.6 afmformats.afm\_segment**

- *Classes*

**Classes**

- `AFMSegment`: Simple wrapper around dict-like *data* to expose a single segment

**class** `afmformats.afm_segment.AFMSegment(raw_data, data, segment)`Simple wrapper around dict-like *data* to expose a single segment

This class also caches the segment indices.

New Segment data

**Parameters**

- **raw\_data** (*dict*) – dictionary containing valid column names as keys and 1d ndarrays as values; this is raw data (e.g. from the measurement file) that may be lazily-loaded
- **data** (*dict*) – same as *raw\_data*, but in this case the data are already in memory; we distinguish between *raw\_data* and *data* so that we know where the data came from (e.g. there might be “tip position” in both dictionaries, but we only always use (and override) the “tip position” in *data*. We never touch *raw\_data*.

## Inheritance

AFMSegment

### **clear\_cache()**

Invalidates the segment indices corresponding to *self.data*

### **segment**

The segment type (approach, intermediate, or retract)

### **property segment\_indices**

boolean array of segment indices

## 4.1.7 afmformats.errors

- *Classes*

### Classes

- *AFMFileFormatError*: Common base class for all exceptions
- *DataFileBrokenError*: Common base class for all exceptions
- *FileFormatMetadataError*: Common base class for all exceptions
- *FileFormatNotSupportedError*: Common base class for all exceptions
- *InvalidFileFormatError*: Common base class for all exceptions
- *MissingMetadataError*: Common base class for all exceptions

```
class afmformats.errors.AFMFileFormatError
```

## Inheritance

AFMFileFormatError

```
class afmformats.errors.DataFileBrokenError
```



### Inheritance



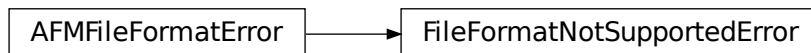
```
class afmformats.errors.FileFormatMetadataError
```

### Inheritance



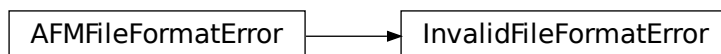
```
class afmformats.errors.FileFormatNotSupportedError
```

### Inheritance



```
class afmformats.errors.InvalidFileFormatError
```

### Inheritance



**class** `afmformats.errors.MissingMetadataError`(*meta\_keys*, \*args, \*\*kwargs)

Special error class for missing metadata

The missing metadata keys are stored in the `meta_keys` property.

### Inheritance

MissingMetadataError

**meta\_keys**

List of missing metadata keys

## 4.1.8 afmformats.formats

- *Submodules*
- *Functions*
- *Classes*
- *Variables*

### Submodules

`afmformats.formats.fmt_hdf5`

- *Functions*
- *Classes*

### Functions

- `load_hdf5()`: Loads HDF5 files as exported by afmformats

`afmformats.formats.fmt_hdf5.load_hdf5`(*path\_or\_h5*, *callback=None*, *meta\_override=None*)

Loads HDF5 files as exported by afmformats

The HDF5 format is self explanatory. The root attributes contain the version of afmformats used to create it. For each curve, one group is created, named according to “0”, “1”, ... “9”, “10”, “11”, etc. The attributes of each group are key-value pairs defined in `afmformats.meta.KEYS_VALID`. The group contains datasets named according to `afmformats.afm_data.known_columns` and have the attribute “unit” with the corresponding value in `afmformats.afm_data.column_units`.

### Parameters

- **path\_or\_h5** (*str* or *pathlib.Path* or *h5py.Group*) – path to HDF5 file or an HDF5 group
- **callback** (*callable*) – function for progress tracking; must accept a float in [0, 1] as an argument.
- **meta\_override** (*dict*) – if specified, contains key-value pairs of metadata that are used when loading the files (see *afmformats.meta.META\_FIELDS*)

## Notes

In case *path\_or\_h5* is a *h5py.Group* object, the “path” metadata variable will always be set to the path of the original HDF5 file. Keep this in mind if you think about storing multiple datasets (each containing multiple curves) in one HDF5 file (bad idea).

## Classes

- *H5DictReader*: Undocumented.

**class** *afmformats.formats.fmt\_hdf5.H5DictReader*(*path\_or\_h5*, *enum\_key*)

Read-only HDF5-based dictionary for arrays

### Parameters

- **path\_or\_h5** (*str* or *pathlib.Path* or *h5py.Group*) – Path to HDF5 file or an HDF5 group
- **enum\_key** (*str*) – Name of the subgroup in *path\_or\_h5* that contains the data of the dictionary

## Inheritance

H5DictReader

*afmformats.formats.fmt\_igor*

- *Functions*

## Functions

- `load_igor()`: Load Asylum Research (Igor) binarywave .ibw files

`afmformats.formats.fmt_igor.load_igor(path, callback=None, meta_override=None)`

Load Asylum Research (Igor) binarywave .ibw files

The raw data are loaded with the Python module “igor” (<http://blog.tremily.us/posts/igor/>). The way column labels are assigned to the data is kind of hacky. The metadata assignment is largely guessed.

Test data were provided by Nicolas Hauck [HSC+18].

### Parameters

- **path** (*str* or *pathlib.Path*) – path to in .ibw data file
- **callback** (*callable*) – function for progress tracking; must accept a float in [0, 1] as an argument.
- **meta\_override** (*dict*) – if specified, contains key-value pairs of metadata that are used when loading the files (see `afmformats.meta.META_FIELDS`)

`afmformats.formats.fmt_jpk`

- *Submodules*
- *Functions*

## Submodules

`afmformats.formats.fmt_jpk.jpk_data`

- *Functions*
- *Classes*
- *Variables*

## Functions

- `find_column_dat()`: Find a column in a list of strings
- `load_dat_raw()`: Load data from binary JPK .dat files
- `load_dat_unit()`: Load data from a JPK .dat file with a specific calibration slot

`afmformats.formats.fmt_jpk.jpk_data.find_column_dat(loc_list, column)`

Find a column in a list of strings

### Parameters

- **loc\_list** (*list of str*) – The segment’s data location list (within the archive), e.g.  
[‘segments/0/channels/height.dat’, ‘segments/0/channels/vDeflection.dat’, ‘seg-  
ments/0/channels/strainGaugeHeight.dat’]

- **column** (*str*) – afmformats column name `afmformats.afm_data.known_columns`

#### Returns

- **name** (*str*) – Matched column name from `JPK_COLUMNS`, e.g. “strainGaugeHeight”
- **slot** (*str*) – Default slot location from `JPK_SLOTS`
- **loc** (*str*) – Matched data location in zip file, e.g. “segments/0/channels/strainGaugeHeight.dat”

`afmformats.formats.fmt_jpk.jpk_data.load_dat_raw(fd, name, properties)`

Load data from binary JPK .dat files

#### Parameters

- **fd** (*file*) – Open .dat file
- **name** (*str*) – Name of the data to read (required for scale conversions) (valid options are values in `JPK_COLUMNS`)
- **properties** (*dict*) – Property dictionary metadata (see also `JPKReader._get_index_segment_properties()`)

**Returns data** – A numpy array with the raw data.

**Return type** 1d ndarray

#### Notes

This method tries to correctly determine the data type of the binary data and scales it with the `data.encoder.scaling` values given in the header files.

**See also:**

`load_dat_unit` Includes conversion to useful units

`afmformats.formats.fmt_jpk.jpk_data.load_dat_unit(fd, name, properties, slot='default')`

Load data from a JPK .dat file with a specific calibration slot

#### Parameters

- **fd** (*file*) – Open .dat file
- **name** (*str*) – Name of the data to read (required for scale conversions) (valid options are values in `JPK_COLUMNS`)
- **properties** (*dict*) – Property dictionary metadata (see also `JPKReader._get_index_segment_properties()`)
- **slot** (*str*) – The .dat files in the JPK measurement zip files come with different calibration slots. Valid values are
  - For the height of the piezo crystal during measurement (the piezo height is not as accurate as the measured height from the height sensor; the piezo movement is not linear): “height.dat”: “volts”, “nominal”, “calibrated”
  - For the measured height of the cantilever: “strainGaugeHeight.dat”: “volts”, “nominal”, “absolute” “measuredHeight.dat”: “volts”, “nominal”, “absolute” “capacitiveSensorHeight”: “volts”, “nominal”, “absolute” (they are all the same)
  - For the recorded cantilever deflection: “vDeflection.dat”: “volts”, “distance”, “force”

#### Returns

- **data** (*1d ndarray*) – A numpy array containing the scaled data.
- **unit** (*str*) – A string representing the metric unit of the data.
- **name** (*str*) – The name of the data column.

## Notes

The raw data (see `load_dat_raw`) is usually stored in “volts” and needs to be converted to e.g. “force” for “vDeflection” or “nominal” for “strainGaugeHeight”. The conversion parameters (offset, multiplier) are stored in the header files and they are not stored separately for each slot, but the conversion parameters are stored relative to the slots. For instance, to compute the “force” slot from the raw “volts” data, one first needs to compute the “distance” slot. This conversion is taken care of by this method.

This is an example header:

```
channel.vDeflection.data.file.name=channels/vDeflection.dat          chan-
nel.vDeflection.data.file.format=raw          channel.vDeflection.data.type=short      chan-
nel.vDeflection.data.encoder.type=signedshort channel.vDeflection.data.encoder.scaling.type=linear
channel.vDeflection.data.encoder.scaling.style=offsetmultiplier channel.vDeflection.data.encoder.scaling.offset=-
0.00728873489143207 channel.vDeflection.data.encoder.scaling.multiplier=3.0921021713588157E-
4          channel.vDeflection.data.encoder.scaling.unit.type=metric-unit          chan-
nel.vDeflection.data.encoder.scaling.unit.unit=V          channel.vDeflection.channel.name=vDeflection
channel.vDeflection.conversion-set.conversions.list=distance force channel.vDeflection.conversion-
set.conversions.default=force          channel.vDeflection.conversion-set.conversions.base=volts
channel.vDeflection.conversion-set.conversion.volts.name=Volts channel.vDeflection.conversion-
set.conversion.volts.defined=false          channel.vDeflection.conversion-
set.conversion.distance.name=Distance          channel.vDeflection.conversion-
set.conversion.distance.defined=true          channel.vDeflection.conversion-
set.conversion.distance.type=simple          channel.vDeflection.conversion-
set.conversion.distance.comment=Distance          channel.vDeflection.conversion-
set.conversion.distance.base-calibration-slot=volts          channel.vDeflection.conversion-
set.conversion.distance.calibration-slot=distance          channel.vDeflection.conversion-
set.conversion.distance.scaling.type=linear          channel.vDeflection.conversion-
set.conversion.distance.scaling.style=offsetmultiplier          channel.vDeflection.conversion-
set.conversion.distance.scaling.offset=0.0          channel.vDeflection.conversion-
set.conversion.distance.scaling.multiplier=7.000143623002982E-8 channel.vDeflection.conversion-
set.conversion.distance.scaling.unit.type=metric-unit          channel.vDeflection.conversion-
set.conversion.distance.scaling.unit.unit=m          channel.vDeflection.conversion-
set.conversion.force.name=Force channel.vDeflection.conversion-set.conversion.force.defined=true
channel.vDeflection.conversion-set.conversion.force.type=simple channel.vDeflection.conversion-
set.conversion.force.comment=Force          channel.vDeflection.conversion-set.conversion.force.base-
calibration-slot=distance          channel.vDeflection.conversion-set.conversion.force.calibration-
slot=force          channel.vDeflection.conversion-set.conversion.force.scaling.type=linear
channel.vDeflection.conversion-set.conversion.force.scaling.style=offsetmultiplier
channel.vDeflection.conversion-set.conversion.force.scaling.offset=0.0
channel.vDeflection.conversion-set.conversion.force.scaling.multiplier=0.043493666407368466
channel.vDeflection.conversion-set.conversion.force.scaling.unit.type=metric-unit
channel.vDeflection.conversion-set.conversion.force.scaling.unit.unit=N
```

To convert from the raw “volts” data to force data, these steps are performed:

- Convert from “volts” to “distance” first, because the “base-calibration-slot” for force is “distance”.  
$$\text{distance} = \text{volts} * 7.000143623002982E-8 + 0.0$$
- Convert from “distance” to “force”:

```
force = distance*0.043493666407368466 + 0.0
```

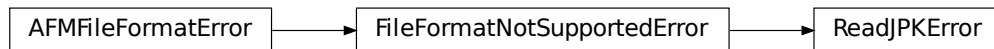
The multipliers shown above are the values for sensitivity and spring constant: sensitivity = 7.000143623002982E-8 m/V spring\_constant = 0.043493666407368466 N/m

## Classes

- [\*ReadJPKError\*](#): Common base class for all exceptions

```
class afmformats.formats.fmt_jpk.jpk_data.ReadJPKError
```

## Inheritance



## Variables

- [\*JPK\\_COLUMNS\*](#)
- [\*JPK\\_SLOTS\*](#)
- [\*JPK\\_UNITS\*](#)

```
afmformats.formats.fmt_jpk.jpk_data.JPK_COLUMNS
```

Maps afmformats column names to JPK column names

```
{'force': ['vDeflection'],
 'height (measured)': ['strainGaugeHeight',
                       'capacitiveSensorHeight',
                       'measuredHeight'],
 'height (piezo)': ['height', 'head-height']}
```

```
afmformats.formats.fmt_jpk.jpk_data.JPK_SLOTS
```

Maps afmformats column names to default JPK normalization slots

```
{'force': 'force',
 'height (measured)': 'nominal',
 'height (piezo)': 'calibrated'}
```

```
afmformats.formats.fmt_jpk.jpk_data.JPK_UNITS
```

Maps afmformats column names to default JPK units

```
{'force': 'N', 'height (measured)': 'm', 'height (piezo)': 'm'}
```

`afmformats.formats.fmt_jpk.jpk_meta`

- *Classes*
- *Variables*

## Classes

- *ReadJPKMetaKeyError*: Common base class for all exceptions

`class afmformats.formats.fmt_jpk.jpk_meta.ReadJPKMetaKeyError`

## Inheritance



## Variables

- *get\_primary\_meta\_recipe*
- *get\_secondary\_meta\_recipe*

`afmformats.formats.fmt_jpk.jpk_meta.get_primary_meta_recipe`

```
<functools._lru_cache_wrapper object at 0x7f5a4b3aa160>
```

`afmformats.formats.fmt_jpk.jpk_meta.get_secondary_meta_recipe`

```
<functools._lru_cache_wrapper object at 0x7f5a4b3aa280>
```

`afmformats.formats.fmt_jpk.jpk_reader`

- *Classes*



## Classes

- [\*ArchiveCache\*](#): Archive cache for fast access to zip data
- [\*JPKReader\*](#): Undocumented.

**class** `afmformats.formats.fmt_jpk.jpk_reader.ArchiveCache`

Archive cache for fast access to zip data

If every [\*JPKReader\*](#) has its own instance of *ZipFile*, then on macOS (and possibly other OSes), we might run into an `OSError; [Errno 24] Too many open files` (<https://github.com/AFM-analysis/afmformats/issues/10>). The problem is, that if we don't leave the *ZipFile*, we have to re-open it every time we want to access some data. This is a huge overhead.

The solution is *ArchiveCache*, which keeps a reference to the last `max_archives=32` archives and closes the ones that were used least.

## Inheritance

ArchiveCache

**static get**(*zip\_path*)

Return the (possibly cached) *ZipFile* object for *zip\_path*

**class** `afmformats.formats.fmt_jpk.jpk_reader.JPKReader`(*path*)

## Inheritance

JPKReader

**get\_data**(*column*, *index*, *segment=None*)

Return data for a given column, index, or segment

### Parameters

- **column** (*str*) – Valid column from `afmformats.afm_data.known_columns`
- **index** (*int*) – Curve index in the current archive
- **segment** (*int* or *None*) – Segment index for chosen curve index

**Returns** *data* – Column data

**Return type** 1d ndarray

**get\_index\_numbers()**

Return int array with available index numbers

The numbers is what we refer to as “enum” in afmformats. Sometimes individual curves are missing from JPK files. These have to be correctly indexed.

**get\_index\_path(*index*)**

Return the path in the zip file for a specific curve index

**get\_index\_segment\_numbers(*index*)**

Return available segment numbers for an index

**get\_index\_segment\_path(*index*, *segment*)**

Return the path in the zip file for a specific index and segment

**get\_metadata(*index*, *segment*=None)**

Return the metadata for a specific index and segment

#### Parameters

- **index** (*int*) – Curve index; For “single” hierarchy files, this should be 0.
- **segment** (*int* or *None*) – If None, then all segment-specific properties (e.g. approach and retract) are returned.

**property files**

List of files and folders in the archive

**property hierarchy**

Format hierarchy (“single” or “indexed”)

## Functions

- **load\_jpk()**: Loads JPK Instruments data files

`afmformats.formats.fmt_jpk.load_jpk(path, callback=None, meta_override=None)`

Loads JPK Instruments data files

These files are zip files containing java property files and integer-encoded binary data. The property files include recipes on how to convert the raw integer data to SI units.

#### Parameters

- **path** (*str* or *pathlib.Path*) – path to JPK data file
- **callback** (*callable*) – function for progress tracking; must accept a float in [0, 1] as an argument.
- **meta\_override** (*dict*) – if specified, contains key-value pairs of metadata that are used when loading the files (see `afmformats.meta.META_FIELDS`)

`afmformats.formats.fmt_ntmdt_txt`

- *Functions*

## Functions

- `load_txt()`: Load text files exported by the NT-MDT Nova software

`afmformats.formats.fmt_ntmdt_txt.load_txt(path, callback=None, meta_override=None)`

Load text files exported by the NT-MDT Nova software

The columns are assumed to be: height (piezo) [nm], Deflection during approach (nA), Deflection during retraction (nA). The sensitivity in `meta_override` should be given in [m/A] (even though it is displayed as [m/V]).

This loader removes constant-value padding at the beginning of the data columns, an artifact that is sometimes introduced during data export. There are no metadata in this file format.

Test data were provided by Yuri Efremov [Efr20] [EBKS15].

Note that support for the original .mdt files is currently (2020) not possible. There exist binary readers for ntmdt files ([https://github.com/kaitai-io/kaitai\\_struct/](https://github.com/kaitai-io/kaitai_struct/)), but this does not work for *exemplary data*. If the NT-MDT Nova software is not available, it should still be possible to load the data with *Ggyddion* and export it to something *afmformats* understands.

### Parameters

- `path` (*str* or *pathlib.Path* or *io.TextIOBase*) – path to an ntmdt-exported .txt file
- `callback` (*callable*) – function for progress tracking; must accept a float in [0, 1] as an argument.
- `meta_override` (*dict*) – if specified, contains key-value pairs of metadata that are used when loading the files (see `afmformats.meta.META_FIELDS`)

`afmformats.formats.fmt_tab`

- *Functions*

## Functions

- `load_tab()`: Loads tab-separated-value files as exported by *afmformats*

`afmformats.formats.fmt_tab.load_tab(path, callback=None, meta_override=None)`

Loads tab-separated-value files as exported by *afmformats*

This is a simple tab-separated values files. The metadata may be present at the beginning of the file, commented out, as a json dump in a “BEGIN METADATA” - “END METADATA” block. The column data is listed below as a simple table.

### Parameters

- `path` (*str* or *pathlib.Path* or *io.TextIOBase*) – path to a .tab file

- **callback** (*callable*) – function for progress tracking; must accept a float in [0, 1] as an argument.
- **meta\_override** (*dict*) – if specified, contains key-value pairs of metadata that are used when loading the files (see [afmformats.meta.META\\_FIELDS](#))

`afmformats.formats.fmt_workshop`

- 
- *Submodules*
- 

## Submodules

`afmformats.formats.fmt_workshop.ws_map`

- 
- *Functions*
- 

## Functions

- `load_map()`: Load a set of zipped csv AFM workshop data

`afmformats.formats.fmt_workshop.ws_map.load_map(path, callback=None, meta_override=None)`

Load a set of zipped csv AFM workshop data

If you are recording quantitative force-maps (i.e. multiple curves on an x-y-grid) with AFM workshop setups, then you might have realized that you get *multiple* .csv files (one file per indentation) instead of *one* file that contains all the data (as you might be accustomed to from other manufacturers). Since afmformats expects one file per measurement, it would not be straight forward to obtain a properly enumerated quantitative imaging group.

This function offers a workaround - it loads a zip archive created from the the .csv files.

The files are structured like this:

```
Force-Distance Curve
File Format:      3

Date:    Wednesday, August 1, 2018
Time:    1:07:47 PM
Mode:    Mapping
Point:    16
X, um:    27.250000
Y, um:    27.250000

Extend Z-Sense(nm),Extend T-B(V),Retract Z-Sense(nm),Retract T-B(V)
13777.9288,0.6875,14167.9288,1.0917
13778.9288,0.6874,14166.9288,1.0722
13779.9288,0.6876,14165.9288,1.0693
13780.9288,0.6877,14164.9288,1.0824
```

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```
13781.9288,0.6875,14163.9288,1.0989
...
```

Please make sure that the `Point` is enumerated from 1 onwards (and matches the alphanumerical order of the files in the archive) and that `Mode` is `Mapping`. The `X` and `Y` coordinates can be used by e.g. `PyJibe` to display `QMap` data on a grid.

#### Parameters

- **path** (*str* or *pathlib.Path*) – path to zip file containing AFM workshop .csv files
- **callback** (*callable*) – function for progress tracking; must accept a float in [0, 1] as an argument.
- **meta\_override** (*dict*) – if specified, contains key-value pairs of metadata that are used when loading the files (see `afmformats.meta.META_FIELDS`)

#### afmformats.formats.fmt\_workshop.ws\_single

- *Functions*

### Functions

- `load_csv()`: Load csv data from AFM workshop

```
afmformats.formats.fmt_workshop.ws_single.load_csv(path, callback=None, meta_override=None,
                                                    mode='single')
```

Load csv data from AFM workshop

The files are structured like this:

```
Force-Distance Curve
File Format:      3

Date:    Wednesday, August 1, 2018
Time:    1:07:47 PM
Mode:    Single
Point:   1
X, um:   27.250000
Y, um:   27.250000

Extend Z-Sense(nm),Extend T-B(V),Retract Z-Sense(nm),Retract T-B(V)
13777.9288,0.6875,14167.9288,1.0917
13778.9288,0.6874,14166.9288,1.0722
13779.9288,0.6876,14165.9288,1.0693
13780.9288,0.6877,14164.9288,1.0824
13781.9288,0.6875,14163.9288,1.0989
...
```

The data for testing was kindly provided by Peter Eaton (afmhelp.com).

#### Parameters

- **path** (*str* or *pathlib.Path* or *io.TextIOBase*) – data file or an open file in text (not bytes) mode
- **callback** (*callable*) – function for progress tracking; must accept a float in [0, 1] as an argument.
- **meta\_override** (*dict*) – if specified, contains key-value pairs of metadata that are used when loading the files (see *afmformats.meta.META\_FIELDS*)
- **mode** (*str*) – curve mode to expect (either “single” or “mapping”); if an unexpected mode is found, *AFMWorkshopFormatWarning* is issued

## Functions

- *find\_data()*: Recursively find valid AFM data files
- *get\_recipe()*: Return the file format recipe for a given path
- *load\_data()*: Load AFM data

`afmformats.formats.find_data(path, modality=None)`

Recursively find valid AFM data files

### Parameters

- **path** (*str* or *pathlib.Path*) – file or directory
- **modality** (*str*) – modality of the measurement (“force-distance”)

**Returns** *file\_list* – list of valid AFM data files

**Return type** list of *pathlib.Path*

`afmformats.formats.get_recipe(path, modality=None)`

Return the file format recipe for a given path

### Parameters

- **path** (*str* or *pathlib.Path*) – file or directory
- **modality** (*str*) – modality of the measurement (see *IMAGING\_MODALITIES*)

**Returns** *recipe* – file format recipe

**Return type** *AFMFormatRecipe*

`afmformats.formats.load_data(path, meta_override=None, modality=None, data_classes_by_modality=None, diskcache=False, callback=None)`

Load AFM data

### Parameters

- **path** (*str* or *pathlib.Path*) – Path to AFM data file
- **meta\_override** (*dict*) – Metadata dictionary that overrides experimental metadata
- **modality** (*str*) – Which acquisition modality to use (e.g. “force-distance”)
- **data\_classes\_by\_modality** (*dict*) – Override the default *AFMData* class to use for managing the data (see *default\_data\_classes\_by\_modality*): This is e.g. used by *index* to pass *Indentation* (which is a subclass of the default *AFMForceDistance*) for handling “force-indentation” data.
- **diskcache** (*bool*) – Whether to use caching (not implemented)

- **callback** (*callable*) – A method that accepts a float between 0 and 1 to externally track the process of loading the data

**Returns** `afm_list` – List where each element is on AFMData curve

**Return type** list of `afmformats.afm_data.AFMData`

## Classes

- *AFMFormatRecipe*: Undocumented.

**class** `afmformats.formats.AFMFormatRecipe(recipe)`

A wrapper class for file format recipes

**Parameters** `recipe` (*dict*) – file format recipe

## Inheritance

AFMFormatRecipe

**detect** (*path*)

Determine whether *path* can be opened with this recipe

**Returns** `valid` – True if *path* is openable, False otherwise.

**Return type** `bool`

## Notes

If the underlying recipe does not implement a “detect” function, then only the file extension is checked.

**get\_modality** (*path*)

Determine modality of a path

If a recipe provides several modalities, load the dataset and get the modality from the metadata.

**property descr**

description of file format

**property loader**

method for loading the data

**property maker**

who introduced the file format

**property modalities**

list of supported AFM imaging modalities

**property suffix**

file format suffix

## Variables

- `default_data_classes_by_modality`
- `formats_available`
- `formats_by_suffix`
- `formats_by_modality`
- `supported_extensions`

`afmformats.formats.default_data_classes_by_modality`

dictionary with default data classes for each modality

```
{'creep-compliance': <class 'afmformats.mod_creep_compliance.AFMCreepCompliance'>,  
'force-distance': <class 'afmformats.mod_force_distance.AFMForceDistance'>}
```

`afmformats.formats.formats_available`

available/supported file formats

```
[<AFMFormatRecipe from 'afmformats.formats.fmt_hdf5' at 0x7f5a4b3e5400>,  
<AFMFormatRecipe from 'afmformats.formats.fmt_igor' at 0x7f5a4b3e5490>,  
<AFMFormatRecipe from 'afmformats.formats.fmt_jpk' at 0x7f5a4b3b27f0>,  
<AFMFormatRecipe from 'afmformats.formats.fmt_jpk' at 0x7f5a4b3b2940>,  
<AFMFormatRecipe from 'afmformats.formats.fmt_jpk' at 0x7f5a4b3b29a0>,  
<AFMFormatRecipe from 'afmformats.formats.fmt_jpk' at 0x7f5a4b3b2a00>,  
<AFMFormatRecipe from 'afmformats.formats.fmt_ntmdt_txt' at 0x7f5a4b3b2a60>,  
<AFMFormatRecipe from 'afmformats.formats.fmt_tab' at 0x7f5a4b3b2ac0>,  
<AFMFormatRecipe from 'afmformats.formats.fmt_workshop.ws_map' at 0x7f5a4b3b2b20>,  
<AFMFormatRecipe from 'afmformats.formats.fmt_workshop.ws_single' at  
0x7f5a4b3b2b80>]
```

`afmformats.formats.formats_by_suffix`

available file formats in a dictionary with suffix keys

```
{'.csv': [<AFMFormatRecipe from 'afmformats.formats.fmt_workshop.ws_single' at  
0x7f5a4b3b2b80>],  
'h5': [<AFMFormatRecipe from 'afmformats.formats.fmt_hdf5' at 0x7f5a4b3e5400>],  
'ibw': [<AFMFormatRecipe from 'afmformats.formats.fmt_igor' at 0x7f5a4b3e5490>],  
'jpk-force': [<AFMFormatRecipe from 'afmformats.formats.fmt_jpk' at  
0x7f5a4b3b27f0>],  
'jpk-force-map': [<AFMFormatRecipe from 'afmformats.formats.fmt_jpk' at  
0x7f5a4b3b2940>],  
'jpk-qi-data': [<AFMFormatRecipe from 'afmformats.formats.fmt_jpk' at  
0x7f5a4b3b29a0>],  
'jpk-qi-series': [<AFMFormatRecipe from 'afmformats.formats.fmt_jpk' at  
0x7f5a4b3b2a00>],  
'tab': [<AFMFormatRecipe from 'afmformats.formats.fmt_tab' at 0x7f5a4b3b2ac0>],  
'txt': [<AFMFormatRecipe from 'afmformats.formats.fmt_ntmdt_txt' at  
0x7f5a4b3b2a60>],  
'zip': [<AFMFormatRecipe from 'afmformats.formats.fmt_workshop.ws_map' at  
0x7f5a4b3b2b20>]}
```

`afmformats.formats.formats_by_modality`

available file formats in a dictionary for each modality



```
{'creep-compliance': [<AFMFormatRecipe from 'afmformats.formats.fmt_jpk' at
↳ 0x7f5a4b3b27f0>,
                        <AFMFormatRecipe from 'afmformats.formats.fmt_jpk' at
↳ 0x7f5a4b3b2940>,
                        <AFMFormatRecipe from 'afmformats.formats.fmt_jpk' at
↳ 0x7f5a4b3b29a0>,
                        <AFMFormatRecipe from 'afmformats.formats.fmt_jpk' at
↳ 0x7f5a4b3b2a00>],
'force-distance': [<AFMFormatRecipe from 'afmformats.formats.fmt_hdf5' at
↳ 0x7f5a4b3e5400>,
                   <AFMFormatRecipe from 'afmformats.formats.fmt_igor' at
↳ 0x7f5a4b3e5490>,
                   <AFMFormatRecipe from 'afmformats.formats.fmt_jpk' at
↳ 0x7f5a4b3b27f0>,
                   <AFMFormatRecipe from 'afmformats.formats.fmt_jpk' at
↳ 0x7f5a4b3b2940>,
                   <AFMFormatRecipe from 'afmformats.formats.fmt_jpk' at
↳ 0x7f5a4b3b29a0>,
                   <AFMFormatRecipe from 'afmformats.formats.fmt_jpk' at
↳ 0x7f5a4b3b2a00>,
                   <AFMFormatRecipe from 'afmformats.formats.fmt_ntmdt_txt' at
↳ 0x7f5a4b3b2a60>,
                   <AFMFormatRecipe from 'afmformats.formats.fmt_tab' at
↳ 0x7f5a4b3b2ac0>,
                   <AFMFormatRecipe from 'afmformats.formats.fmt_workshop.ws_map'
↳ at 0x7f5a4b3b2b20>,
                   <AFMFormatRecipe from 'afmformats.formats.fmt_workshop.ws_single
↳ ' at 0x7f5a4b3b2b80>],
'stress-relaxation': [<AFMFormatRecipe from 'afmformats.formats.fmt_jpk' at
↳ 0x7f5a4b3b27f0>,
                      <AFMFormatRecipe from 'afmformats.formats.fmt_jpk' at
↳ 0x7f5a4b3b2940>,
                      <AFMFormatRecipe from 'afmformats.formats.fmt_jpk' at
↳ 0x7f5a4b3b29a0>,
                      <AFMFormatRecipe from 'afmformats.formats.fmt_jpk' at
↳ 0x7f5a4b3b2a00>]]}
```

#### afmformats.formats.supported\_extensions

list of supported extensions

```
['.csv',
 '.h5',
 '.ibw',
 '.jpk-force',
 '.jpk-force-map',
 '.jpk-qi-data',
 '.jpk-qi-series',
 '.tab',
 '.txt',
 '.zip']
```

### 4.1.9 afmformats.lazy\_loader

- *Classes*

#### Classes

- *LazyData*: Lazily load data from function and kwargs

**class** afmformats.lazy\_loader.LazyData

Lazily load data from function and kwargs

The idea is that the experimental data does not have to be loaded before the user requests it. Furthermore, this reduces the memory footprint (not all data are loaded).

#### Inheritance

LazyData

**set\_lazy\_loader**(*column*, *func*, *kwargs*)

Add a lazy loader

#### Parameters

- **column** (*str*) – Column for which to register the loader
- **func** (*callable*) – Function to call to get the data
- **kwargs** – Keyword arguments to *func*

### 4.1.10 afmformats.meta

- *Functions*
- *Classes*
- *Variables*

## Functions

- `parse_time()`: Convert a time string to “HH:MM:SS.S”

`afmformats.meta.parse_time(value)`

Convert a time string to “HH:MM:SS.S”

- leading zeros are added where necessary
- trailing zeros after “.” are stripped
- trailing “.” is stripped

e.g.

- “6:15:22 PM” -> “18:15:22”
- “6:15:22.00 AM” -> “06:15:22”
- “6:02:22.010 AM” -> “06:02:22.01”

## Classes

- `MetaDataMissingError`: Raised when meta data is missing
- `LazyMetaValue`: A metadata value that is evaluated lazily in `MetaData`
- `MetaData`: Management of meta data variables

**class** `afmformats.meta.MetaDataMissingError`

Raised when meta data is missing

## Inheritance

MetaDataMissingError

**class** `afmformats.meta.LazyMetaValue(func, *args, **kwargs)`

A metadata value that is evaluated lazily in `MetaData`

Example usage:

```
meta = afmformats.meta.MetaData
meta["z range"] = afmformats.meta.LazyMetaValue(
    np.ptp,
    np.arange(10))
```

## Parameters

- **func** (*callable*) – Function to call to get the metadata value
- **args** – arguments to `func`
- **kwargs** – Keyword arguments to `func`

## Inheritance

LazyMetaValue

**class** `afmformats.meta.MetaData(*args, **kwargs)`  
Management of meta data variables  
Valid key names are defined in `afmformats.meta.KEYS_VALID`.

## Inheritance

MetaData

**as\_dict()**  
Convert to real dictionary  
This is needed e.g. for *self.items* such that *json.dump* works in combination with *LazyMetaValue* (which is not JSON serializable)

**copy()**  
Create a copy of the metadata  
**Returns** `mdc` – Copy of the MetaData class (LazyMetaValue not copied)  
**Return type** *MetaData*

**get(key, default=None)**  
Return the value for key if key is in the dictionary, else default.

**get\_summary()**  
Convenience function returning the meta data summary  
Returns a dict of dicts with keys matching the DEF\_\* dicts. Unset values are returned as *np.nan*.

**items()** → a set-like object providing a view on D's items

**update([E], \*\*F)** → None. Update D from dict/iterable E and F.  
If E is present and has a *.keys()* method, then does: for k in E: D[k] = E[k] If E is present and lacks a *.keys()* method, then does: for k, v in E: D[k] = v In either case, this is followed by: for k in F: D[k] = F[k]

**values()** → an object providing a view on D's values

## Variables

- [\*IMAGING\\_MODALITIES\*](#)
- [\*META\\_FIELDS\*](#)
- [\*DEF\\_ALL\*](#)
- [\*KEYS\\_VALID\*](#)

afmformats.meta.**IMAGING\_MODALITIES**  
supported imaging modalities

```
['creep-compliance', 'force-distance', 'stress-relaxation']
```

afmformats.meta.**META\_FIELDS**  
Compendium of all allowed meta data keys, sorted by topic, and including units and validation methods

```
{'acquisition': {'feedback mode': ['Feedback mode',
                                   '',
                                   <function vd_str_in.<locals>.str_in at 0x7f5a4f54dd30>],
                 'imaging mode': ['Imaging modality',
                                   '',
                                   <function vd_str_in.<locals>.str_in at 0x7f5a4f54dee0>],
                 'sensitivity': ['Sensitivity', 'm/V', <class 'float'>],
                 'spring constant': ['Cantilever spring constant',
                                     'N/m',
                                     <class 'float'>]},
 'dataset': {'duration': ['Duration', 's', <class 'float'>],
             'duration approach': ['Duration of approach segment',
                                   's',
                                   <class 'float'>],
             'duration retract': ['Duration of retract segment',
                                  's',
                                  <class 'float'>],
             'enum': ['Dataset index within the experiment',
                      '',
                      <function fint at 0x7f5a4f54d280>],
             'point count': ['Size of the dataset in points',
                             '',
                             <function fint at 0x7f5a4f54d280>],
             'rate approach': ['Sampling rate of approach segment',
                              'Hz',
                              <class 'float'>],
             'rate retract': ['Sampling rate of retract segment',
                              'Hz',
                              <class 'float'>],
             'segment count': ['Number of segments',
                               '',
                               <function fint at 0x7f5a4f54d280>],
             'setpoint': ['Target indentation force', 'N', <class 'float'>],
             'speed approach': ['Piezo speed of approach segment',
                                'm/s',
```

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```

        <class 'float'>],
        'speed retract': ['Piezo speed of retract segment',
                           'm/s',
                           <class 'float'>],
        'z range': ['Axial piezo range', 'm', <class 'float'>]],
'dataset-mod creep-compliance': {'duration intermediate': ['Duration of '
                                                           'intermediate '
                                                           'segment',
                                                           's',
                                                           <class 'float'>]],
'qmap': {'grid center x': ['Horizontal center of grid', 'm', <class 'float'>],
         'grid center y': ['Vertical center of grid', 'm', <class 'float'>],
         'grid index x': ['Horizontal grid position index',
                           '',
                           <function fint at 0x7f5a4f54d280>],
         'grid index y': ['Vertical grid position index',
                           '',
                           <function fint at 0x7f5a4f54d280>],
         'grid shape x': ['Horizontal grid shape',
                           'px',
                           <function fint at 0x7f5a4f54d280>],
         'grid shape y': ['Vertical grid shape',
                           'px',
                           <function fint at 0x7f5a4f54d280>],
         'grid size x': ['Horizontal grid image size', 'm', <class 'float'>],
         'grid size y': ['Vertical grid image size', 'm', <class 'float'>],
         'position x': ['Horizontal position', 'm', <class 'float'>],
         'position y': ['Vertical position', 'm', <class 'float'>]],
'setup': {'instrument': ['Instrument', '', <class 'str'>],
          'software': ['Acquisition software', '', <class 'str'>],
          'software version': ['Acquisition software version',
                               '',
                               <class 'str'>]],
'storage': {'curve id': ['Curve identifier', '', <class 'str'>],
            'date': ['Recording date', '', <class 'str'>],
            'format': ['File format', '', <class 'str'>],
            'path': ['Path', '', <class 'pathlib.Path'>],
            'session id': ['Dataset identifier', '', <class 'str'>],
            'time': ['Recording time', '', <class 'str'>]]}

```

**afmformats.meta.DEF\_ALL**

A dictionary for all metadata definitions

```

{'curve id': ['Curve identifier', '', <class 'str'>],
 'date': ['Recording date', '', <class 'str'>],
 'duration': ['Duration', 's', <class 'float'>],
 'duration approach': ['Duration of approach segment', 's', <class 'float'>],
 'duration intermediate': ['Duration of intermediate segment',
                           's',
                           <class 'float'>],
 'duration retract': ['Duration of retract segment', 's', <class 'float'>],
 'enum': ['Dataset index within the experiment',

```

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```

'',
    <function fint at 0x7f5a4f54d280>],
'feedback mode': ['Feedback mode',
    '',
    <function vd_str_in.<locals>.str_in at 0x7f5a4f54dd30>],
'format': ['File format', '', <class 'str'>],
'grid center x': ['Horizontal center of grid', 'm', <class 'float'>],
'grid center y': ['Vertical center of grid', 'm', <class 'float'>],
'grid index x': ['Horizontal grid position index',
    '',
    <function fint at 0x7f5a4f54d280>],
'grid index y': ['Vertical grid position index',
    '',
    <function fint at 0x7f5a4f54d280>],
'grid shape x': ['Horizontal grid shape',
    'px',
    <function fint at 0x7f5a4f54d280>],
'grid shape y': ['Vertical grid shape',
    'px',
    <function fint at 0x7f5a4f54d280>],
'grid size x': ['Horizontal grid image size', 'm', <class 'float'>],
'grid size y': ['Vertical grid image size', 'm', <class 'float'>],
'imaging mode': ['Imaging modality',
    '',
    <function vd_str_in.<locals>.str_in at 0x7f5a4f54dee0>],
'instrument': ['Instrument', '', <class 'str'>],
'path': ['Path', '', <class 'pathlib.Path'>],
'point count': ['Size of the dataset in points',
    '',
    <function fint at 0x7f5a4f54d280>],
'position x': ['Horizontal position', 'm', <class 'float'>],
'position y': ['Vertical position', 'm', <class 'float'>],
'rate approach': ['Sampling rate of approach segment', 'Hz', <class 'float'>],
'rate retract': ['Sampling rate of retract segment', 'Hz', <class 'float'>],
'segment count': ['Number of segments', '', <function fint at 0x7f5a4f54d280>],
'sensitivity': ['Sensitivity', 'm/V', <class 'float'>],
'session id': ['Dataset identifier', '', <class 'str'>],
'setpoint': ['Target indentation force', 'N', <class 'float'>],
'software': ['Acquisition software', '', <class 'str'>],
'software version': ['Acquisition software version', '', <class 'str'>],
'speed approach': ['Piezo speed of approach segment', 'm/s', <class 'float'>],
'speed retract': ['Piezo speed of retract segment', 'm/s', <class 'float'>],
'spring constant': ['Cantilever spring constant', 'N/m', <class 'float'>],
'time': ['Recording time', '', <class 'str'>],
'z range': ['Axial piezo range', 'm', <class 'float'>]]}

```

**afmformats.meta.KEYS\_VALID**

List of all valid meta data keys

```

['curve id',
 'date',
 'duration',

```

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```
'duration approach',
'duration intermediate',
'duration retract',
'enum',
'feedback mode',
'format',
'grid center x',
'grid center y',
'grid index x',
'grid index y',
'grid shape x',
'grid shape y',
'grid size x',
'grid size y',
'imaging mode',
'instrument',
'path',
'point count',
'position x',
'position y',
'rate approach',
'rate retract',
'segment count',
'sensitivity',
'session id',
'setpoint',
'software',
'software version',
'speed approach',
'speed retract',
'spring constant',
'time',
'z range']
```

### 4.1.11 afmformats.mod\_creep\_compliance

- *Classes*

#### Classes

- *AFMCreepCompliance*: Base class for AFM creep-compliance data

**class** afmformats.mod\_creep\_compliance.*AFMCreepCompliance*(\*args, \*\*kwargs)

Base class for AFM creep-compliance data

A creep-compliance dataset consists of an approach, an intermediate (with constant Force), and a retract curve.

Initialization

#### Parameters



- **data** (*dict-like*) – Experimental data
- **metadata** (*dict*) – Metadata
- **diskcache** (*bool*) – TODO

### Inheritance



#### **appr**

Dictionary-like interface to the approach segment

#### **intr**

Dictionary-like interface to the intermediate segment

#### **property modality**

Imaging modality

#### **retr**

Dictionary-like interface to the retract segment

## 4.1.12 afmformats.mod\_force\_distance

- *Classes*

### Classes

- **AFMForceDistance**: Base class for AFM force-distance data

**class** afmformats.mod\_force\_distance.**AFMForceDistance**(\*args, \*\*kwargs)

Base class for AFM force-distance data

A force-distance dataset consists of an approach and a retract curve.

Initialization

#### **Parameters**

- **data** (*dict-like*) – Experimental data
- **metadata** (*dict*) – Metadata
- **diskcache** (*bool*) – TODO

## Inheritance



### **appr**

Dictionary-like interface to the approach segment

### **property modality**

Imaging modality

### **retr**

Dictionary-like interface to the retract segment

## 4.1.13 afmformats.parse\_funcs

- *Functions*

### Functions

- *fbool()*: boolean
- *fint()*: integer
- *vd\_str\_in()*: Return a validator that tests whether a string is in a list

`afmformats.parse_funcs.fbool(value)`  
boolean

`afmformats.parse_funcs.fint(value)`  
integer

`afmformats.parse_funcs.vd_str_in(alist)`  
Return a validator that tests whether a string is in a list

## CHANGELOG

List of changes in-between afmformats releases.

### 5.1 version 0.16.2

- enh: implement `__setitem__` for *AFMSegment*
- ref: make *data* and *raw\_data* private properties of *AFMSegment*

### 5.2 version 0.16.1

- enh: support .jpk-qi-series files (by extension)
- enh: improve error handling when data exported from the JPK software does not contain encoder scaling offset and multiplier
- ref: use f-strings more often

### 5.3 version 0.16.0

- BREAKING CHANGE: “segment” column is no longer boolean, so it cannot be used directly for indexing (#15)
- fix: support modified AFM workshop file format (#17)
- fix: segment data via *AFMData.appr* and *AFMData.retr* did not use user-defined data to identify segments, but the “segment” column from the raw data (this does not affect PyJibe or nanite which do not make excessive use of these properties)
- enh: add “segment count” key to meta data
- enh: optimize segment handling: new class *AFMSegment* that caches segment indices (#16)
- enh: properly test data types of metadata when setting them

## 5.4 version 0.15.0

- feat: generally support creep-compliance and stress-relaxation data via the new “modalities” (supercedes “modality”) recipe key
- feat: support for JPK creep-compliance data
- enh: extract segment duration from JPK files
- fix: ignore NaN values in JPK property files
- ref: add separate meta data section for modality-related keys
- ref: improvements of JPK metadata reader
- tests: rename test data files to reflect format

## 5.5 version 0.14.4

- docs: add section for implementing new file formats (#13)
- fix: IndexError when trying to open .txt files that are no AFM files
- ref: separate submodule for formats

## 5.6 version 0.14.3

- enh: implement LazyMetaValue to speed-up loading JPK files
- enh: perform caching in LazyData (minor speed-up)

## 5.7 version 0.14.2

- fix: partially revert breaking change in 0.14.0 (“imaging mode” was previously used when exporting data in PyJibe and this metadata key should not change)
- fix: add detect function for HDF5 format (afmformats attempted to load nanite rating containers)
- enh: added height span for QMap data
- tests: add .tab and .h5 test files
- ref: renamed QMap feature “lowest height” to “height base point”
- ref: changed prefix to “data” for all QMap data

## 5.8 version 0.14.1

- fix: populate AFMQMap grid metadata for AFM workshop format (#12)
- enh: speed-up QMap computation by decorator-based caching
- ref: move QMap grid index computation to MetaData class

## 5.9 version 0.14.0

- BREAKING CHANGE: changed ‘mode’ to ‘modality’ throughout afmformats
- feat: introduced afmformats.AFMGroup, a container for AFMData (#11)
- feat: introduced afmformats.AFMQMap for managing quantitative AFMData (#11)
- feat: allow to use other derived classes of AFMData when loading experimental data via the *data\_classes\_by\_modality* option
- ref: *AFMData.export* is deprecated in favor of *AFMData.export\_data*
- ref: renamed submodule afm\_fdist to mod\_force\_distance

## 5.10 version 0.13.3

- enh: improve speed when loading data by avoiding accessing data during initialization
- fix: JPK file format reader speed regression caused by #10 (implemented ArchiveCache)

## 5.11 version 0.13.2

- enh: make sure people don’t think they can load a data file with a different spring constant or sensitivity

## 5.12 version 0.13.1

- fix: make sure callback functions are always used

## 5.13 version 0.13.0

- feat: support zipped AFM workshop map data (#5)
- feat: added *find\_data* method
- enh: make MissingMetaDataError class special (missing metadata are stored as property)
- enh: add “detect” function for JPK file format
- docs: add missing objects to `__all__` (autoapi)
- ref: code cleanup

## 5.14 version 0.12.6

- ref: DeprecationWarning: np.float from numpy 1.20

## 5.15 version 0.12.5

- fix: JPK file format reader kept the zip files open indefinitely which resulted in OSError “Too many open files” (#10)
- ci: removed appveyor build

## 5.16 version 0.12.4

- fix: opening .h5 files failed with AttributeError
- ref: setup.py test is deprecated

## 5.17 version 0.12.3

- build: migrate to GitHub Actions

## 5.18 version 0.12.2

- fix: properly sort curves within JPK files

## 5.19 version 0.12.1

- maintenance release

## 5.20 version 0.12.0

- ref: rewrite JPK data file reader: new JPKReader class (#4)
- enh: add new LazyData class for loading data on demand (#4)

## 5.21 version 0.11.0

- feat: allow defining “detect” method to determine whether a recipe can open a file (#7)

## 5.22 version 0.10.2

- maintenance release

## 5.23 version 0.10.1

- fix: parsing issue when loading .ibw files without AM/PM in “Time” metadata (#8)
- enh: make sure “time” is always parsed as HH:MM:SS.S when adding it to *MetaData*
- enh: compute “curve id” and “session id” from “date”, “time”, and “enum” if not given in *MetaData*

## 5.24 version 0.10.0

- feat: allow to override metadata when loading data
- feat: support new file format from AFM workshop (.csv)
- feat: support new file format from JPK (.jpk-qi-data)
- feat: support new file format from NT-MDT (.txt exported by Nova)
- enh: implement *AFMFormatRecipe* class for handling and verifying recipe dictionaries
- enh: implement *register\_format* function

## 5.25 version 0.9.0

- feat: support new file format from Asylum Research, Igor (.ibw)
- ref: always compute piezo range metadata instead of taking it from the set value in the acquisition settings (JKP format)

## 5.26 version 0.8.0

- enh: do not export “index” column to HDF5 files to save disk space
- enh: save column units when exporting to HDF5
- ref: moved class methods and constants from “afm\_fdist” to “afm\_data”
- docs: add code reference, basic usage, and list of file formats

## 5.27 version 0.7.1

- fix: exporting to HDF5 did not work when a `h5py.Group` was used
- fix: exporting to HDF5 did not reset the “enum” key
- enh: use gzip compression in HDF5 file format
- enh: allow “h5” and “hdf5” as HDF5 file format specifiers during export

## 5.28 version 0.7.0

- BREAKING CHANGE: piezo height is now loaded as “calibrated” and not as “nominal” (JPK file format)
- fix: metadata acquisition “duration” and “point count” only showed data of approach part (JPK file format)
- enh: load metadata “speed” and “rate” separately for approach and retract part
- ref: restructured meta data organization

## 5.29 version 0.6.0

- feat: force-distance metadata can now be saved and loaded for the .tab file format (#3)
- feat: implement new HDF5-based file format (read/write)
- feat: support piezo height (JPK file format)
- enh: improve parsing of JPK files (#1)

## 5.30 version 0.5.2

- ref: drop pandas dependency (#2)

## 5.31 version 0.5.1

- fix: allow “force-modulation” feedback mode

## 5.32 version 0.5.0

- feat: meta data summary with *MetaData.get\_summary*



### 5.33 version 0.4.1

- ref: group meta data by topic
- fix: identifier in JPK file format was actually session identifier

### 5.34 version 0.4.0

- BREAKING CHANGE: change metadata key names
- enh: add class for checking metadata

### 5.35 version 0.3.0

- feat: support tab-separated values file format (.tab)
- fix: file formats were not registered correctly
- ref: derive file format errors from own error classes

### 5.36 version 0.2.0

- compatibility changes towards nanite

### 5.37 version 0.1.0

- initial version



## BILBLIOGRAPHY



## INDICES AND TABLES

- `genindex`
- `modindex`
- `search`



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## PYTHON MODULE INDEX

### a

- [afmformats](#), 13
- [afmformats.\\_version](#), 13
- [afmformats.\\_version\\_save](#), 14
- [afmformats.afm\\_data](#), 14
- [afmformats.afm\\_group](#), 16
- [afmformats.afm\\_qmap](#), 17
- [afmformats.afm\\_segment](#), 19
- [afmformats.errors](#), 20
- [afmformats.formats](#), 22
  - [afmformats.formats.fmt\\_hdf5](#), 22
  - [afmformats.formats.fmt\\_igor](#), 23
  - [afmformats.formats.fmt\\_jpk](#), 24
    - [afmformats.formats.fmt\\_jpk.jpk\\_data](#), 24
    - [afmformats.formats.fmt\\_jpk.jpk\\_meta](#), 28
    - [afmformats.formats.fmt\\_jpk.jpk\\_reader](#), 28
  - [afmformats.formats.fmt\\_ntmdt\\_txt](#), 31
  - [afmformats.formats.fmt\\_tab](#), 31
  - [afmformats.formats.fmt\\_workshop](#), 32
    - [afmformats.formats.fmt\\_workshop.ws\\_map](#), 32
    - [afmformats.formats.fmt\\_workshop.ws\\_single](#), 33
- [afmformats.lazy\\_loader](#), 38
- [afmformats.meta](#), 38
- [afmformats.mod\\_creep\\_compliance](#), 44
- [afmformats.mod\\_force\\_distance](#), 45
- [afmformats.parse\\_funcs](#), 46



## A

AFMCreepCompliance (class in *afmformats.mod\_creep\_compliance*), 44  
 AFMData (class in *afmformats.afm\_data*), 14  
 AFMFileFormatError (class in *afmformats.errors*), 20  
 AFMForceDistance (class in *afmformats.mod\_force\_distance*), 45  
 AFMFormatRecipe (class in *afmformats.formats*), 35  
 afmformats  
     module, 13  
 afmformats.\_version  
     module, 13  
 afmformats.\_version\_save  
     module, 14  
 afmformats.afm\_data  
     module, 14  
 afmformats.afm\_group  
     module, 16  
 afmformats.afm\_qmap  
     module, 17  
 afmformats.afm\_segment  
     module, 19  
 afmformats.errors  
     module, 20  
 afmformats.formats  
     module, 22  
 afmformats.formats.fmt\_hdf5  
     module, 22  
 afmformats.formats.fmt\_igor  
     module, 23  
 afmformats.formats.fmt\_jpk  
     module, 24  
 afmformats.formats.fmt\_jpk.jpk\_data  
     module, 24  
 afmformats.formats.fmt\_jpk.jpk\_meta  
     module, 28  
 afmformats.formats.fmt\_jpk.jpk\_reader  
     module, 28  
 afmformats.formats.fmt\_ntmdt\_txt  
     module, 31  
 afmformats.formats.fmt\_tab  
     module, 31

afmformats.formats.fmt\_workshop  
     module, 32  
 afmformats.formats.fmt\_workshop.ws\_map  
     module, 32  
 afmformats.formats.fmt\_workshop.ws\_single  
     module, 33  
 afmformats.lazy\_loader  
     module, 38  
 afmformats.meta  
     module, 38  
 afmformats.mod\_creep\_compliance  
     module, 44  
 afmformats.mod\_force\_distance  
     module, 45  
 afmformats.parse\_funcs  
     module, 46  
 AFMGroup (class in *afmformats.afm\_group*), 16  
 AFMQMap (class in *afmformats.afm\_qmap*), 18  
 AFMSegment (class in *afmformats.afm\_segment*), 19  
 append() (*afmformats.afm\_group.AFMGroup* method), 17  
 appr (*afmformats.mod\_creep\_compliance.AFMCreepCompliance* attribute), 45  
 appr (*afmformats.mod\_force\_distance.AFMForceDistance* attribute), 46  
 ArchiveCache (class in *afmformats.formats.fmt\_jpk.jpk\_reader*), 29  
 as\_dict() (*afmformats.meta.MetaData* method), 40

## C

clear\_cache() (*afmformats.afm\_segment.AFMSegment* method), 20  
 column\_dtypes (in module *afmformats.afm\_data*), 15  
 column\_units (in module *afmformats.afm\_data*), 15  
 columns (*afmformats.afm\_data.AFMData* property), 15  
 copy() (*afmformats.meta.MetaData* method), 40

## D

DataFileBrokenError (class in *afmformats.errors*), 20  
 DEF\_ALL (in module *afmformats.meta*), 42

- default\_data\_classes\_by\_modality (in module *afmformats.formats*), 36
- descr (afmformats.formats.AFMFormatRecipe property), 35
- detect() (afmformats.formats.AFMFormatRecipe method), 35
- ## E
- enum (afmformats.afm\_data.AFMDData property), 15
- export\_data() (afmformats.afm\_data.AFMDData method), 14
- extent (afmformats.afm\_qmap.AFMQMap property), 19
- ## F
- fbool() (in module *afmformats.parse\_funcs*), 46
- feat\_core\_data\_height\_base\_point\_um() (afmformats.afm\_qmap.AFMQMap static method), 18
- feat\_core\_data\_piezo\_range\_um() (afmformats.afm\_qmap.AFMQMap static method), 18
- feat\_core\_data\_scan\_order() (afmformats.afm\_qmap.AFMQMap static method), 18
- features (afmformats.afm\_qmap.AFMQMap attribute), 19
- FileFormatMetadataError (class in *afmformats.errors*), 21
- FileFormatNotSupportedError (class in *afmformats.errors*), 21
- files (afmformats.formats.fmt\_jpk.jpk\_reader.JPKReader property), 30
- find\_column\_dat() (in module *afmformats.formats.fmt\_jpk.jpk\_data*), 24
- find\_data() (in module *afmformats.formats*), 34
- fint() (in module *afmformats.parse\_funcs*), 46
- formats\_available (in module *afmformats.formats*), 36
- formats\_by\_modality (in module *afmformats.formats*), 36
- formats\_by\_suffix (in module *afmformats.formats*), 36
- ## G
- get() (afmformats.formats.fmt\_jpk.jpk\_reader.ArchiveCache static method), 29
- get() (afmformats.meta.Metadata method), 40
- get\_coords() (afmformats.afm\_qmap.AFMQMap method), 18
- get\_data() (afmformats.formats.fmt\_jpk.jpk\_reader.JPKReader method), 29
- get\_enum() (afmformats.afm\_group.AFMGroup method), 17
- get\_index\_numbers() (afmformats.formats.fmt\_jpk.jpk\_reader.JPKReader method), 30
- get\_index\_path() (afmformats.formats.fmt\_jpk.jpk\_reader.JPKReader method), 30
- get\_index\_segment\_numbers() (afmformats.formats.fmt\_jpk.jpk\_reader.JPKReader method), 30
- get\_index\_segment\_path() (afmformats.formats.fmt\_jpk.jpk\_reader.JPKReader method), 30
- get\_metadata() (afmformats.formats.fmt\_jpk.jpk\_reader.JPKReader method), 30
- get\_modality() (afmformats.formats.AFMFormatRecipe method), 35
- get\_primary\_meta\_recipe (in module *afmformats.formats.fmt\_jpk.jpk\_meta*), 28
- get\_qmap() (afmformats.afm\_qmap.AFMQMap method), 18
- get\_recipe() (in module *afmformats.formats*), 34
- get\_secondary\_meta\_recipe (in module *afmformats.formats.fmt\_jpk.jpk\_meta*), 28
- get\_summary() (afmformats.meta.Metadata method), 40
- group (afmformats.afm\_qmap.AFMQMap attribute), 19
- ## H
- H5DictReader (class in *afmformats.formats.fmt\_hdf5*), 23
- hierarchy (afmformats.formats.fmt\_jpk.jpk\_reader.JPKReader property), 30
- ## I
- IMAGING\_MODALITIES (in module *afmformats.meta*), 41
- intr (afmformats.mod\_creep\_compliance.AFMCreepCompliance attribute), 45
- InvalidFileFormatError (class in *afmformats.errors*), 21
- items() (afmformats.meta.Metadata method), 40
- ## J
- JPK\_COLUMNS (in module *afmformats.formats.fmt\_jpk.jpk\_data*), 27
- JPK\_SLOTS (in module *afmformats.formats.fmt\_jpk.jpk\_data*), 27
- JPK\_UNITS (in module *afmformats.formats.fmt\_jpk.jpk\_data*), 27
- JPKReader (class in *afmformats.formats.fmt\_jpk.jpk\_reader*), 29

## K

KEYS\_VALID (in module *afmformats.meta*), 43  
 known\_columns (in module *afmformats.afm\_data*), 16

## L

LazyData (class in *afmformats.lazy\_loader*), 38  
 LazyMetaValue (class in *afmformats.meta*), 39  
 load\_csv() (in module *afmformats.formats.fmt\_workshop.ws\_single*), 33  
 load\_dat\_raw() (in module *afmformats.formats.fmt\_jpk.jpk\_data*), 25  
 load\_dat\_unit() (in module *afmformats.formats.fmt\_jpk.jpk\_data*), 25  
 load\_data() (in module *afmformats.formats*), 34  
 load\_hdf5() (in module *afmformats.formats.fmt\_hdf5*), 22  
 load\_igor() (in module *afmformats.formats.fmt\_igor*), 24  
 load\_jpk() (in module *afmformats.formats.fmt\_jpk*), 30  
 load\_map() (in module *afmformats.formats.fmt\_workshop.ws\_map*), 32  
 load\_tab() (in module *afmformats.formats.fmt\_tab*), 31  
 load\_txt() (in module *afmformats.formats.fmt\_ntmdt\_txt*), 31  
 loader (*afmformats.formats.AFMFormatRecipe* property), 35

## M

maker (*afmformats.formats.AFMFormatRecipe* property), 35  
 META\_FIELDS (in module *afmformats.meta*), 41  
 meta\_keys (*afmformats.errors.MissingMetaDataError* attribute), 22  
 metadata (*afmformats.afm\_data.AFMDData* property), 15  
 MetaData (class in *afmformats.meta*), 40  
 MetaDataMissingError (class in *afmformats.meta*), 39  
 MissingMetaDataError (class in *afmformats.errors*), 21  
 modalities (*afmformats.formats.AFMFormatRecipe* property), 35  
 modality (*afmformats.afm\_data.AFMDData* property), 15  
 modality (*afmformats.mod\_creep\_compliance.AFMCreepCompliance* property), 45  
 modality (*afmformats.mod\_force\_distance.AFMForceDistance* property), 46  
 module  
   *afmformats*, 13  
   *afmformats.\_version*, 13  
   *afmformats.\_version\_save*, 14  
   *afmformats.afm\_data*, 14  
   *afmformats.afm\_group*, 16  
   *afmformats.afm\_qmap*, 17  
   *afmformats.afm\_segment*, 19

*afmformats.errors*, 20  
*afmformats.formats*, 22  
*afmformats.formats.fmt\_hdf5*, 22  
*afmformats.formats.fmt\_igor*, 23  
*afmformats.formats.fmt\_jpk*, 24  
*afmformats.formats.fmt\_jpk.jpk\_data*, 24  
*afmformats.formats.fmt\_jpk.jpk\_meta*, 28  
*afmformats.formats.fmt\_jpk.jpk\_reader*, 28  
*afmformats.formats.fmt\_ntmdt\_txt*, 31  
*afmformats.formats.fmt\_tab*, 31  
*afmformats.formats.fmt\_workshop*, 32  
*afmformats.formats.fmt\_workshop.ws\_map*, 32  
*afmformats.formats.fmt\_workshop.ws\_single*, 33  
*afmformats.lazy\_loader*, 38  
*afmformats.meta*, 38  
*afmformats.mod\_creep\_compliance*, 44  
*afmformats.mod\_force\_distance*, 45  
*afmformats.parse\_funcs*, 46

## P

parse\_time() (in module *afmformats.meta*), 39  
 path (*afmformats.afm\_data.AFMDData* property), 15

## Q

qmap\_feature() (in module *afmformats.afm\_qmap*), 17

## R

ReadJPKErrors (class in *afmformats.formats.fmt\_jpk.jpk\_data*), 27  
 ReadJPKMetaKeyError (class in *afmformats.formats.fmt\_jpk.jpk\_meta*), 28  
 retri (*afmformats.mod\_creep\_compliance.AFMCreepCompliance* attribute), 45  
 retri (*afmformats.mod\_force\_distance.AFMForceDistance* attribute), 46

## S

segment (*afmformats.afm\_segment.AFMSegment* attribute), 20  
 segment\_indices (*afmformats.afm\_segment.AFMSegment* property), 20  
 set\_lazy\_loader() (*afmformats.lazy\_loader.LazyData* method), 38  
 shape (*afmformats.afm\_qmap.AFMQMap* property), 19  
 subgroup\_with\_path() (*afmformats.afm\_group.AFMGroup* method), 17  
 suffix (*afmformats.formats.AFMFormatRecipe* property), 35  
 supported\_extensions (in module *afmformats.formats*), 37

## U

`unit_scales` (*in module `afmformats.afm_qmap`*), [19](#)

`update()` (*`afmformats.meta.Metadata` method*), [40](#)

## V

`values()` (*`afmformats.meta.Metadata` method*), [40](#)

`vd_str_in()` (*in module `afmformats.parse_funcs`*), [46](#)